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| APPLICATION NO.                  | FILING DATE           | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/701,051                       | 11/04/2003            | Chun-Fai Cheng       | SMBZ 2 00980        | 5563             |
| 27885<br>FAY SHARPE              | 7590 09/21/200<br>LLP | 9                    | EXAM                | IINER            |
| 1228 Euclid Avenue, 5th Floor    |                       |                      | PIZIALI, JEFFREY J  |                  |
| The Halle Build<br>Cleveland, OH | ~                     |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
|                                  |                       |                      | 2629                |                  |
|                                  |                       |                      |                     |                  |
|                                  |                       |                      | MAIL DATE           | DELIVERY MODE    |
|                                  |                       |                      | 09/21/2009          | PAPER            |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

|   | Application No.  | Applicant(s)   |                 |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|-----------------|--|--|--|
|   | 10/701,051   | CHENG, CHUN-FA   | CHENG, CHUN-FAI |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary   | Examiner   | Art Unit   |                 |  |  |  |
|   | JEFF PIZIALI   | 2629   |                 |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply   | n appears on the cover sheet w   | ith the correspondence add   | Iress           |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Cl after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory provided to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | IG DATE OF THIS COMMUNION FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a son.  Deriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AF | CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this cor BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |                 |  |  |  |
| Status  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on _   | 18 June 2000   |  |                 |  |  |  |
|   | This action is non-final.  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for all   |  | ters prosecution as to the   | morite is       |  |  |  |
| closed in accordance with the practice une  | •  | • •  | mento io        |  |  |  |
| closed in accordance with the practice unit   | aci Ex parte Quayre, 1000 O.L  | 7. 11, <del>1</del> 00 O. <b>O</b> . 210.  |                 |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims   |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-12</u> is/are pending in the  | application.   |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>8</u> is/are withdrav  | vn from consideration.   |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.   |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 6) Claim(s) <u>1,3-7 and 9-12</u> is/are rejected.  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.   |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a  | nd/or election requirement.  |  |                 |  |  |  |
|   | ·  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| Application Papers  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa   |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 June 2009</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.   |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to   | Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the  | ne Examiner. Note the attached   | d Office Action or form PT0  | O-152.          |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  |  |  |                 |  |  |  |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a   | ments have been received.<br>ments have been received in A<br>priority documents have been<br>ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  | Application No  received in this National S  | Stage           |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-944)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date   | 8) Paper No(   | Summary (PTO-413)<br>s)/Mail Date<br>nformal Patent Application<br>                              |                 |  |  |  |

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 18 June 2009 has been entered.

#### **Drawings**

- 2. The drawings were received on 18 June 2009. These drawings are acceptable.
- 3. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: *R5*, *R6*, *R9*, *R10*, *R15*, and *R16* (see page 9, lines 21-23 of the specification).

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will

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be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

4. The drawings have not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the figures.

## **Specification**

5. The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 7. Claims 1, 3-7, and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 8. Claim 1 recites the limitation "video signal gray level data" (line 3). The lack of a grammatical article (such as "a" or "a plurality of" or "the" or "said") preceding the limitation

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renders it unclear whether the claim is establishing a new element; or instead referring back to some preestablished limitation.

For example, it would be unclear to an artisan whether a single element of "data" is being claimed; or rather whether a plurality of "data" elements are being claimed.

9. Claim 1 provides for the use of a ramping voltage (e.g., line 7: "a ramping voltage that is used during driving of columns"), but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use (*e.g., line* 7: "a ramping voltage that is used during driving of columns"), without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

- 10. Claim 1 recites the limitation "*the maximum voltage*" (*line 14*). There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 11. Claim 4 recites the limitations "a negative row voltage" (line 14) and "a positive row voltage" (line 5). There is insufficient antecedent basis for these "row" limitations in the claim.

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For example: The claim neglects to establish whether or not any "rows" make up the invention. It would be unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art how "a negative / positive row voltage" can exist without the presence of at least one "row."

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- 12. The variable "t" in claim 4 (*lines 3 and 6*) is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The variable "t" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It would be unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art what the variable "t" is intended to represent.
- 13. Claim 4 recites the limitation "the difference between the time tm for the ramping voltage to reach a maximum luminance voltage value Vm at the end of said time interval" (line 3). There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

For example: It would be unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art what elements "the difference" is intended to be between. Between the "time tm" and what else?

14. The term "*Vg pos*" in claim 4 (*line 6*) is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "*Vg pos*" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It would be unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art what the term "*Vg pos*" is intended to represent.

15. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01.

An omitted structural cooperative relationship results from the claimed subject matter: "converted to complement valves" (line 7).

For example: It would be unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art what these "valves" are intended to "complement."

16. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01.

An omitted structural cooperative relationship results from the claimed subject matter: "different currents" (line 3).

For example: It would be unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art what these "currents" are intended to be "different" from.

17. Claim 5 recites the limitation "both of said current sources" (line 6). There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 5 earlier recites "at least two current sources" (in line 3).

For example: It would be unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art whether the claimed invention is intended to be limited to only two current sources, or more than two current sources.

18. Claim 11 recites the limitation "said at least two current sources further include control

inputs controlling the shape of said convex and concave portions respectively" (lines 1-3).

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

For example: It would be unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art whether the claimed invention is intended to be limited to only two current sources, or more than two current sources.

- 19. Claim 12 recites the limitation "said convex and concave" (line 3). There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 20. The remaining claims are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being dependent upon rejected base claims.
- 21. The claims are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite.

As a courtesy to the Applicant, the examiner has attempted to also make rejections over prior art -- based on the examiner's best guess interpretations of the invention that the Applicant is intending to claim.

However, the indefinite nature of the claimed subject matter naturally hinders the Office's ability to search and examine the application.

Any instantly distinguishing features and subject matter that the Applicant considers to be absent from the cited prior art is more than likely a result of the indefinite nature of the claims.

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The Applicant is respectfully requested to correct the indefinite nature of the claims, which should going forward result in a more precise search and examination.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 22. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 23. Claims 1, 3-7, and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yeo (US 6,049,320 A) in view of Maurice (US 6,844,874 B2).

Regarding claim 1, *Yeo* discloses a gray scale column driver [e.g., Fig. 1] for an alternating current display, comprising:

a counter [e.g., Fig. 1; 2] receiving video signal gray level data [e.g., Fig. 1; digital data incoming from register 1] and in response

counting for a time interval proportional to said gray level data [e.g., Fig. 2B; producing pulse width modulated output]; and

a non linear analogue voltage ramp generator [e.g., Fig. 1; ramp signal A] connected to said counter,

said non linear analogue voltage ramp generator outputting a ramping voltage [e.g., Fig. 2A] that is used during driving of columns [e.g., Fig. 1; C] of said dielectric electroluminescent display during said time interval, wherein

said ramping voltage conforms to a curve having an initial convex portion followed by a concave portion, wherein

said initial convex portion conforms to a negative second derivative with respect to said time interval, and

said concave portion conforms to a positive second derivative with respect to said time interval,

said ramping voltage determining the maximum voltage of alternating polarity driving pulses applied to the columns of said dielectric electroluminescent display (see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64).

Yeo's display is a liquid crystal display, not an "electroluminescent display," as instantly claimed.

However, *Maurice* discloses a non linear analogue voltage ramp generator outputting a ramping voltage [e.g., Fig. 3; Data Ramp/Line L'i] that is used during driving of columns [e.g., Figs. 2, 4; Data Ramp/Line L'i] of either a liquid crystal display [e.g., Fig. 2] or an alternating current electroluminescent display [e.g., Fig. 4] (see the entire document, including Column 5, Lines 24-29).

**Yeo** and **Maurice** are analogous art, because they are from the shared inventive field of voltage ramp generators for display devices.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use *Yeo's* a gray scale column driver with an electroluminescent display such as the one taught by *Maurice*, so as to provide conventional data driver for use with a commercially popular, alternate display type.

Regarding claim 3, **Yeo** discloses said counter is a 6-bit counter (see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64).

However, the examiner takes official notice that it would have been within the skill of the average artisan to replace a 6-bit counter with an 8-bit counter, so as to delineate said time interval to define more (e.g., 256) display gradations, improving the quality of the displayed image, and enhancing compatibility with higher resolution input image data.

Regarding claim 4, *Yeo* discloses said ramping voltage, for a negative row voltage [*e.g.*, *Fig. 2A; second ramp*] applied to said dielectric electroluminescent display, is Vg neg (tm - t) expressed as a function of the difference between the time tm for the ramping voltage to reach a maximum luminance voltage value Vm at the end of said time interval, and wherein said ramping voltage, for a positive row voltage [*e.g., Fig. 2A; first ramp*] applied to said dielectric electroluminescent display, is Vg pos.(t), where

$$Vg pos.(t) = Vm - Vg neg (tm - t)$$

and said gray level data is converted to complement valves (see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64).

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Regarding claim 5, **Yeo** discloses said non linear analogue voltage ramp generator further comprises an integrator circuit [e.g., Fig. 1; electrode A input to transistors 3 through column C] and

at least two current sources [e.g., Fig. 1; three transistors 3] generating and applying different currents to said integrator circuit

such that when a first one of said current sources [e.g., Fig. 1; first transistor 3] is connected to said integrator circuit said convex portion of said ramping voltage is generated,

when both of said current sources [e.g., Fig. 1; first and second transistors 3] are connected in parallel to said integrator circuit a transition portion of said ramping voltage between said convex portion and said concave portion is generated, and

when a second one of said current sources [e.g., Fig. 1; second transistor 3] is connected to said integrator circuit said concave portion of said ramping voltage is generated (see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64).

Regarding claim 6, **Yeo** discloses said first one of said current sources generates a current that decreases during said time interval [e.g., going from the peak to the end], and

said second one of said current sources generates a current that increases during said time interval [e.g., going from the start to the peak] (see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64).

Regarding claim 7, **Yeo** discloses said at least two current sources are time-dependent voltage feedback controlled current sources [e.g., Fig. 1; controlled by counters 2] (see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64).

Regarding claim 9, **Yeo** discloses said non linear analogue voltage ramp generator further comprises a threshold control circuit for controlled switching [e.g., Fig. 1; 3] of said at least two current sources (see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64).

Regarding claim 10, *Yeo* discloses said non linear analogue voltage ramp generator further comprises a frame polarity control circuit selecting between said ramping voltage for said positive row voltage [e.g., Fig. 2A; first ramp] and said ramping voltage for said negative row voltage [e.g., Fig. 2A; second ramp] (see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64).

Regarding claim 11, *Yeo* discloses said at least two current sources further include control inputs controlling the shape of said convex and concave portions respectively (*see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64*).

Regarding claim 12, *Yeo* discloses said threshold control circuit further includes a control input setting a transition voltage between said convex and concave of said ramping voltage (*see the entire document, including Figs. 2A & 2B; Column 1, Lines 5-64*).

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## Response to Arguments

24. Applicant's remarks filed 18 June 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The Applicant contends, "The Remarks/Arguments in support of patentability were previously submitted on December 10, 2008. CONCLUSION: It is respectfully submitted that all claims remaining in the application (Claims 1, 3-7, and 9-12) are now in condition for allowance" (see Page 8 of the Response filed 18 June 2009). However, the examiner respectfully disagrees.

The Applicant's 10 December 2008 reply merely states, "REMARKS: Claims 1,3-7, and 9-12 remain in the application. Claims 1,3-5, and 9-12 have been amended. CONCLUSION: It is respectfully submitted that all claims remaining in the application (Claims 1, 3-7, and 9-12) are now in condition for allowance" (see Page 8 of the Response filed 10 December 2008).

Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

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The Applicant should have submitted an argument under the heading "Remarks" pointing out disagreements with the examiner's contentions. Applicant must also discuss the references applied against the claims, explaining how the claims avoid the references or distinguish from them.

Applicant's arguments with respect to *claims 1, 3-7, and 9-12* have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

By such reasoning, rejection of the claims is deemed necessary, proper, and thereby maintained at this time.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jeff Piziali whose telephone number is (571)272-7678. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday (6:30AM - 3PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Chanh Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-7772. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jeff Piziali/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2629

11 September 2009